```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"</pre>
elementFormDefault="qualified"
    targetNamespace="http://www.gleif.org/data/schema/repex/2016"
    xmlns:repex="http://www.gleif.org/data/schema/repex/2016">
    <xs:import namespace="http://www.w3.org/XML/1998/namespace"</pre>
        schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/2001/xml.xsd"/>
    <xs:annotation>
       <xs:documentation>
           <h1>Reporting Exceptions Format Version 1.1</h1> Documentation
last updated: 2017-01-27
               <h2>Introduction</h2> Following the LEI-ROC policy
document, "Collecting data on
           direct and ultimate parents of legal entities in the Global LEI
System \hat{a} \square \square Phase 1" (10
           March 2016), the Global Legal Identifier System (GLEIS)
requires that legal entities
           with an LEI provide information on their ultimate and direct
accounting consolidating parents.<br/>
           <111>
               Relationship reporting according to the Relationship
Record Common Data File
                   (RR-CDF) format V1.0 is mandatory. The only opt-out
reasons allowed are taken
                   from the LEI-ROC policy document, pages 16-17. A
further general exception
                   case, also based on the LEI-ROC policy document (p. 18)
is also provided to
                   cover situations where the opt-out reasons may not be
precisely applicable: 
                       No LEI - "the parent does not consent to have
an LEI" (LEI-ROC policy,
                          p. 18).
                   This format provides a simple record structure linking,
<strong>per
                       record:</strong>
               <111>
                   One LEI from the LOU's current LEI data file;
                   One relationship type (reporting category) that
must be reported;
                   One reason for declining to report that
relationship type for the legal
                       entity referenced by this LEI, plus an optional
reference e.g. to a legal or
                       regulatory provision.
               All LOUs use this file format to record and submit
Reporting Exceptions to
               GLEIF. 
           <h2>Audience for this document</h2> The target audience for
this standard includes: 
               All Local Operating Units (as well as candidate LOUs)
of the GLEIS
               All users or potential users of LEI data
               All financial regulators who consume LEI data
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<h2>Status of this document</h2> This section describes the status of this document at the time of its publication. Later versions may supersede this document. The most up to date version will always be available from www.gleif.org<br/>The file format references the LEI ROC's published document entitled "LEI ROC Report on collecting data on direct and ultimate parents of legal entities in the Global LEI System" (10 March 2016; available from www.leiroc.org).<br/> <h2>Terminology and Typographical Conventions</h2> The following typographical conventions are used throughout the document: ALL CAPS type is used for the special terms enumerated above. <code>Monospace type</code> is used to denote programming language, UML, and XML identifiers, as well as for the text of XML documents. <h2>Cardinalities</h2> <111> The cardinality of each element (the number of times it MUST or may appear in an XML data file conforming to this schema) is expressed as a number range in the format {minimum occurrences, maximum occurrences} in the XML examples shown below the notes of its containing element. This notation is equivalent to the following explanations in words: Mandatory, unique: <code>{1,1}</code> - the element MUST appear, exactly once. Mandatory, repeatable: <code>{1,unbounded}</code> the element MUST appear at least once. It may be repeated any number of times. Optional, unique: <code>{0,1}</code> - the element NEED NOT appear; it MAY appear once at most. Optional, repeatable: <code>{0,unbounded}</code> the element NEED NOT appear. It MAY be repeated any number of times. Please note: The default cardinality is {1,1} (mandatory, unique). This document highlights when an element differs from this either by its <code>minOccurs</code> (minimum occurrences) or <code>maxOccurs</code> (maximum occurrences) value, or both. XML cardinalities apply in the context of any containing elements. This means that a contained element may have a cardinality of one or more even if its containing element may be omitted, because the contained element is mandatory

<strong>given</strong> the presence of the container. XML cardinalities enforce a minimum data quality and standards conformance. Other business rules (as explained below) and data quality checks applied by GLEIF may encourage stricter cardinalities in live implementations. <h2>Business Rules</h2> The accompanying documentation in addition to this Technical Specification specifies business rules where applicable for each element. These are rules that are not enforced by validating against the XML schema, but are still mandatory for all Common Data File (CDF) format files. <br/><br/> <h2>Release Notes</h2> <h3>Version 1.1</h3> <111> Corrections: <1i> Extension element in Header corrected to minOccurs="0". <h3>Version 1.0</h3> The first release. <h2>Change Management</h2> Changes to this standard that affect the data schema SHALL be made by approval and publication of a new version of this document. A new version SHALL be one of the following:<br/><br/><br/> <hr3>Errata Version</hr3> An errata version makes corrections to the normative content of the standard (excluding corrections which would change the data schema) and/or makes changes to non-normative content such as explanatory material. An errata version does not change the XML schema definitions, only the documentation parts, and so does not affect the interoperability of systems implementing the standard. An errata version is indicated by incrementing the third version number; e.g., 1.0 to 1.0.1, or 1.0.1 to 1.0.2.<br/> <h3>Minor Version</h3> A minor version may include all changes permitted in an errata version, and in addition adds one or more data elements and/or adds one or more codes to a code list (â enumâ data type). A minor version changes the XML schema. Minor version changes to schema MUST provide for forward and backward compatibility. This allows existing implementations to continue to interoperate even if they are using different minor versions. A minor version is indicated by incrementing the second version number; e.g., 1.0 to 1.1 or 1.1.3 to 1.2.<br/> <h3>Major Version</h3> A major version may make any change at all, including

incompatible changes to the XML schema. Major version changes to schema require that the new version uses a different XML namespace. This requires existing implementations to separately understand both the old and new versions during a period of transition. A major version is indicated by incrementing the first version number; e.g., 1.1 to 2.0.<br/>br/> The release of a new minor or major version shall always be accompanied by a transition plan for LOUs and GLEIF, to ensure a smooth and time-bounded migration to the new version.<br/> <h3>Minor Version Changes to the XML Schema</h3> A minor version may introduce new XML elements and/or adds one or more codes to a code list (âlenumâle data type). Minor version changes to schema SHALL be made as specified below, in order to achieve forward and backward compatibility.<br/><br/> Forward compatibility means that an LEI Data File which is valid according to the older versionâls schema is also valid according to the newer versionâlls schema.<br/>Backward compatibility means that an LEI Data File which is valid according to the newer versionâls schema is also valid according to the older versionâls schema.<br/>br/> New data elements may be added at pre-defined extension points within the schema, each with an optional XML element NextVersion. New data elements are always added within a NextVersion element. When a minor version adds a new data element to a NextVersion element, a new NextVersion element is also added inside the previously added NextVersion element, to accommodate additional data elements in subsequent minor versions. Each successive NextVersion element set is contained directly within the previous minor version's NextVersion set.<br/>
As can be seen from the full XML schema presented here, the following rules SHALL be observed to ensure forward and backward compatibility: The initial XSD declaration for a NextVersion element SHALL use the element name "NextVersion", XML data type "lei:NextVersion1Type" and cardinality optional, unique {0,1}. The XML data type allows a sequence of any elements, each of cardinality optional, repeatable (unbounded) and with lax content processing, but in the target namespace. The minOccurs declaration on the NextVersion element allows it to be omitted in files conforming to the first minor version. The schema wildcard xsd:any allows for forward compatibility: a file conforming to a new minor version still validates in the old version because the wildcard matches any new elements

introduced in the new minor version. New elements SHALL be introduced in a subsequent minor version by modifying the declaration for the above type declaration as follows: A sequence of the new elements introduced in the previous version A subsequent NextVersionN element where N is an index number starting at 1 and incremented by 1 with each minor version Each new element SHALL be declared minOccurs= $\hat{a}$   $\Box$   $\hat{a}$ , to ensure backward compatibility: a file conforming to the old version still validates in the new version because the new schema does not require the presence of elements not defined in the old version. If a new element is mandatory for conformance to the new version, this MUST be enforced outside schema validation. The new definition of the NextVersion element SHALL include a declaration of an inner NextVersion element, as illustrated above, to provide for additional elements in subsequent minor versions. The nesting of NextVersion elements is required to satisfy the  $\hat{a}$  unique particle attributionâ Constraint of XSDÂ 1.0. Each code list (Enum types) is implemented in the XML schema simply as the XSD string data type. This provides for forward compatibility because the schema for an older minor version will validate any string, including codes defined in newer minor versions. The schema for each minor version includes the list of valid codes for that minor version as a documentation annotation to the type declaration for each Enum type. <h3>Major Version Changes to the XML Schema</h3> A major version may make any change to the XML schema whatsoever, including incompatible changes.<br/>
A schema introduced in a new major version SHALL use an XML namespace URI that is different from the XML namespace URI defined in any other major version of this standard. The namespace URI for a new major version SHOULD be the same as the namespace URI specified in this standard, with the year at the end changed to the year in which the new major version is introduced. If more than one major version is introduced in the same year, a letter  $\hat{a} \square \square a \hat{a} \square \square$ ,  $\hat{a} \square \square b \hat{a} \square \square$  ,  $\hat{a} \square \square c \hat{a} \square \square$  , etc., may be appended to the year as needed.<br/>br/> A new major version

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MUST be accompanied by an implementation plan which explains
how implementations will
           make the transition from the old major version to the new major
version. Generally
           speaking, such a plan typically provides for a period of
transition in which an
           implementation capable of receiving the new major version is
required to also receive
           the old major version.<br/>
           <h2>XML Syntax</h2> This section specifies the XML schema for
an LEI data file
           conforming to this standard.<br/>
           <h3>XML Design Rules</h3>
           The XSD schema conforms to W3C's XML Schema
specification, version 1.0.
               The XML namespace is
"http://www.gleif.org/data/schema/repex/2016".
               All interior XML elements are namespace-qualified
(element form =
                   qualified).
               All XML attributes are in the null namespace (attribute
form = ungualified),
                   with the exception of <code>xml:lang</code>.
               Element names are upper camel case.
               Attribute name are lower camel case.
               XSD type names are upper camel case.
               Enumeration code list values are all caps with
underscores.
               Elements are used in preference to attributes except
for language and type
                   qualifiers.
               For a data element specified as having unbounded
cardinality, the XML includes a
                   single container element whose subelements are one or
more instances of the data
                   element whose cardinality is unbounded. The name of the
container element is
                   formed as the plural of the name of the contained
elements.
           <h3>XML Schema</h3> An XML file conforming to this standard
SHALL be valid according to
           the following XSD 1.0 schema.<br/>
           <h3>Extension</h3> The optional Extension section of an
Reporting Exception Item may be
           used to include additional data not defined in this standard.
This may include data
           specific to an LOU, data specific to a publisher of LEI data,
and so on.<br/> For
           example, an LOU may use Extension to publish additional data
elements it collects as
           part of registration.<br/> The following rules MUST be
observed: 
               Each XML element included in the content of the
Extension element SHALL be in an
                   XML namespace that is not null and not equal to the XML
namespace of the LEI
                   Data File as specified in this standard.
               The XML namespace for an extension element SHALL be a
namespace to which the
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creator of the extension element is entitled to use; e.g., a namespace derived from the Internet Domain Name of the creator, a namespace agreed upon by a group of trading partners, etc. An extension element SHALL NOT be defined in such a way as to require the recipient of the file to recognize the extension element in order to interpret the data elements specified in this standard. A recipient of the file MUST be able to ignore all extension elements and still interpret the standard content correctly. A recipient of a data file conforming to this standard SHALL NOT reject a file solely because it contains extensions not understood by the recipient. A recipient MUST be prepared to accept a file containing extensions and ignore any it does not understand, provided that the file complies to this standard. <h2>Abstract Data Content</h2> This section specifies the abstract data content of a data file conforming to this standard. A data file conforming to this standard SHALL consist of: A Header. Zero or more Reporting Exception Items. </xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> <xs:element name="ReportingExceptionData"</pre> type="repex:ReportingExceptionDataType"/> <xs:complexType name="ReportingExceptionDataType"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="Header" type="repex:ExceptionHeaderType"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation> Contains the file upload information for this Reporting Exceptions file </xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:element> <xs:element name="ReportingExceptions"</pre> type="repex:ReportingExceptionsType"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation> A list of reporting exceptions, with reason(s) for each exception, provided by legal entities, for declining to provide specified classes of relationship information </xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:element> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> <xs:complexType name="ExceptionHeaderType">

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<xs:sequence>
            <xs:element name="ContentDate" type="repex:LEIDateTimeProfile">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation> The date and time as of which the
data contained in the file
                        is valid.</xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:element>
            <xs:element name="Originator" type="repex:LEIType"</pre>
minOccurs="0">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation> The LEI of the entity that created
the content of this file.
                    </xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:element>
            <xs:element name="FileContent" type="repex:FileContentEnum">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation>A code describing the content of this
RelationshipRecords
                        file. </xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:element>
            <xs:element name="DeltaStart" type="repex:LEIDateTimeProfile"</pre>
minOccurs="0">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation> The date and time of the baseline
relative to which this file
                        contains new or changed Reporting Exceptions.
</xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:element>
            <xs:element name="RecordCount" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation> The number of Reporting Exceptions
(RepEx) in the file. Must
                        be a positive whole (integer) number, or zero (0).
</xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:element>
            <xs:element name="NextVersion"</pre>
type="repex:HeaderNextVersionType" minOccurs="0"/>
            <xs:element name="Extension" type="repex:ExtensionType"</pre>
minOccurs="0">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation> This <code>Extension</code> element
contains any additional
                        elements required to extend the <code>Header</code>
container
                        element.</xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:element>
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</xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
    <xs:simpleType name="LEIType">
        <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
            <xs:minLength value="20"/>
            <xs:maxLength value="20"/>
            <xs:pattern value="([0-9A-Z]{18}[0-9]{2})"/>
        </xs:restriction>
    </xs:simpleType>
    <xs:simpleType name="FileContentEnum">
        <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
            <!-- WARNING: Enumeration values strictly validate-->
            <xs:enumeration value="LOU FULL PUBLISHED">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation>The file contains all Reporting
Exceptions published by an LOU
                         (all Reporting Exceptions for which the LOU is the
<code>ManagingLOU</code>)
                        as of the date/time the file is
created.</xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:enumeration>
            <xs:enumeration value="LOU DELTA PUBLISHED">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation>The file contains those Reporting
Exceptions published by an
                        LOU (all Reporting Exceptions for which the LOU is
the
                            <code>ManagingLOU</code>) which are new or
changed since the
                            <code>DeltaStart</code> specified in the
header, as of the date/time the
                        file is created.</xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:enumeration>
            <xs:enumeration value="GLEIF FULL PUBLISHED">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation>The file contains all Reporting
Exceptions published by GLEIF
                         (including all Reporting Exceptions from all LOUs)
as of the date/time the
                        file is created.</xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:enumeration>
            <xs:enumeration value="GLEIF DELTA PUBLISHED">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation>The file contains those Reporting
Exceptions published by
                        GLEIF (including all Reporting Exceptions from all
LOUs) which are new or
                        changed since the <code>DeltaStart</code> date
specified in the
                            <code>Header</code>, as of the date/time the
file is
                        created.</xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:enumeration>
            <xs:enumeration value="QUERY RESPONSE">
                <xs:annotation>
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<xs:documentation>The file contains records matching
criteria specified in a
                        query.</xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:enumeration>
        </xs:restriction>
    </xs:simpleType>
    <xs:complexType name="ExtensionType">
        <xs:sequence>
            <xs:any minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"</pre>
processContents="lax" namespace="##other"/>
        </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
    <xs:complexType name="ExceptionType">
        <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element name="LEI" type="repex:LEIType">
                <xs:annotation>
                     <xs:documentation> The ISO 17442 compatible identifier
for the legal entity
                        which raised this exception.</xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:element>
            <xs:element name="ExceptionCategory"</pre>
type="repex:ExceptionCategoryEnum">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation>A category of mandatory information
reporting, beyond the
                        minimum required for legal entity identification,
which the legal entity
                        declines, giving reasons and references where
applicable.
                    </xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:element>
            <xs:element name="ExceptionReason"</pre>
type="repex:ExceptionReasonEnum"
                maxOccurs="unbounded">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation>A single reason provided by the legal
entity for declining to
                        provide the mandatory report of a specified type of
information (beyond the
                        minimum reference data needed purely for
identification of the legal
                        entity). </xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:element>
            <xs:element name="ExceptionReference"</pre>
type="repex:Tokenized500Type" minOccurs="0"
                maxOccurs="unbounded">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation>References of the law, regulation or
other element of the
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legal framework to support reason(s) provided by
the legal entity for
                        declining to provide information on its parents.
</xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:element>
            <xs:element name="NextVersion"</pre>
type="repex:ReportingExceptionNextVersionType"
                minOccurs="0"/>
            <xs:element name="Extension" type="repex:ExtensionType"</pre>
minOccurs="0">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation> This <code>repex:Extension</code>
element may contain any
                        additional elements required to extend the
Reporting Exception.
                    </xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:element>
        </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
    <xs:complexType name="ReportingExceptionsType">
        <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element name="Exception" type="repex:ExceptionType"</pre>
minOccurs="0"
                maxOccurs="unbounded">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation> A single exception to a specified
reporting requirement,
                        giving reasons and references where
applicable.</xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:element>
            <xs:element name="NextVersion"</pre>
type="repex:ReportingExceptionsContainerNextVersionType"
                minOccurs="0"/>
        </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
    <xs:simpleType name="ExceptionCategoryEnum">
        <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
            <!-- Enumeration values for LEI-CDF 2.0: -->
            <xs:enumeration value="DIRECT ACCOUNTING CONSOLIDATION PARENT">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation>The legal entity has declined to
report a direct accounting
                        consolidation parent, based on applicable
accounting standards.
                    </xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:enumeration>
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<xs:enumeration</pre>
value="ULTIMATE ACCOUNTING CONSOLIDATION PARENT">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation>The legal entity has declined to
report an ultimate accounting
                        consolidation parent, based on applicable
accounting standards.
                    </xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:enumeration>
        </xs:restriction>
    </xs:simpleType>
    <xs:simpleType name="ExceptionReasonEnum">
        <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
            <!-- Enumeration values for LEI-CDF 2.0: -->
            <xs:enumeration value="NO LEI">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation> The parent does not consent to have
an LEI.
                    </xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:enumeration>
            <xs:enumeration value="NATURAL PERSONS">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation>There is no parent according to the
definition used, because
                        the entity is controlled by natural person(s)
without any intermediate legal
                       entity meeting the definition of accounting
consolidating parent.
                    </xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:enumeration>
            <xs:enumeration value="NON CONSOLIDATING">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation> There is no parent according to the
definition used, because
                        the entity is controlled by legal entities not
subject to preparing
                        consolidated financial statements.
</xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:enumeration>
            <xs:enumeration value="NO KNOWN PERSON">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation> There is no parent according to the
definition used, because
                        there is no known person controlling the entity
(e.g., diversified
                        shareholding). </xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:enumeration>
            <xs:enumeration value="LEGAL OBSTACLES">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation> Obstacles in the laws or regulations
of a jurisdiction
```

prevent providing or publishing this information. This does not include cases where, under the applicable legal framework disclosing the parent relationship would require the consent of one of the entities in the relationship, or both, and such consent could not be obtained (in these cases "CONSENT\_NOT\_OBTAINED" is the applicable code). The LOU is not expected to verify or analyze whether the legal framework constitutes a legal obstacle. </xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:enumeration> <xs:enumeration value="CONSENT NOT OBTAINED"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation> Obstacles in the laws or regulations of a jurisdiction prevent providing or publishing this information:  $\hat{a}$  the consent of the parent was necessary under the applicable legal framework and the parent did not consent or could not be contacted  $\widehat{\square}$ . Note that it is a responsibility of a child entity to seek parent consent when necessary for disclosing the parent relationship, for instance by inviting in writing the parent entity to provide consent. The LOU is not expected to verify or analyze whether the legal framework constitutes a legal obstacle. </xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:enumeration> <xs:enumeration value="BINDING LEGAL COMMITMENTS"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation> Binding legal commitments (other than the laws or regulations of a jurisdiction), such as articles governing the legal entity or a contract, prevent providing or publishing this information. The LOU is not expected to verify or analyze whether the legal framework constitutes a legal obstacle. </xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:enumeration> <!-- this is not in itself a cause of opt out, but only one of the cumulative reasons for  $\hat{a} \square detriment$  not excluded  $\hat{a} \square$ <xs:enumeration value="PARENT UNREACHABLE"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation> <111> The parent could not be informed via the GLEIS and have the possibility to correct the relationship information before

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publication (including raising a cause for
opt out). The disclosure
                                of this information would be detrimental to
the legal entity or the
                                relevant parent. This will include reasons
generally accepted by
                                public authorities in similar
circumstances, based on a declaration
                                by the entity.
                            Business Rules: This exception reason
applies to reporting
                                requirements
<code>ULTIMATE ACCOUNTING CONSOLIDATION PARENT</code>
                                and
<code>DIRECT ACCOUNTING CONSOLIDATION PARENT</code>.
                        </xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:enumeration>
            -->
            <!-- this is not in itself a cause of opt out, but only one of
the cumulative reasons for \hat{a} \square detriment not excluded \hat{a} \square
            <xs:enumeration value="RELATIONSHIP NOT PUBLIC">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation>
                        <111>
                            The relationship is not already in the
public domain (information
                                being in the public domain assumes here
that the way the information
                                came into the public domain did not
infringe the applicable legal
                                framework). The disclosure of this
information would be detrimental
                                to the legal entity or the relevant parent.
This will include
                                reasons generally accepted by public
authorities in similar
                                circumstances, based on a declaration by
the entity.
                            Business Rules: This exception reason
applies to reporting
                                requirements
<code>ULTIMATE ACCOUNTING CONSOLIDATION PARENT</code>
                                and
<code>DIRECT ACCOUNTING CONSOLIDATION PARENT</code>.
                        </xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:enumeration>
-->
            <!-- this is not in itself a cause of opt out, but only one of
the cumulative reasons for \hat{a} \square detriment not excluded \hat{a} \square detriment
            <xs:enumeration value="DETRIMENT CONCERN">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation>
                        The child entity has reasons to believe
that the parent may consider
                                disclosure to be detrimental. The
disclosure of this information
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would be detrimental to the legal entity or the relevant parent. This will include reasons generally accepted by public authorities in similar circumstances, based on a declaration by the entity. Business Rules: This exception reason applies to reporting requirements <code>ULTIMATE\_ACCOUNTING\_CONSOLIDATION\_PARENT</code> and <code>DIRECT ACCOUNTING CONSOLIDATION PARENT</code>. </xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:enumeration> --> <xs:enumeration value="DETRIMENT NOT EXCLUDED"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation> The child entity has sought to consult the parent entity about the reporting of the parent information to the GLEIS but could not confirm the absence of detriment in a way that can appropriately prevent liability risks for the child entity (or those acting on its behalf) under the applicable legal framework. The disclosure of this information would be detrimental to the legal entity or the relevant parent. This will include reasons generally accepted by public authorities in similar circumstances, based on a declaration by the entity. <br/>
<br/>
This reason may be used only when all following cumulative circumstances apply: [i) the parent could not be informed via the GLEIS and have the possibility to correct the relationship information before publication (including raising a cause for opt out, either because the parent does not have an LEI, or it has an LEI but the GLEIS has not yet implemented such system; ] ii) the relationship is not already in the public domain (information being in the public domain assumes here that the way the information came into the public domain did not infringe the applicable legal framework); iii) the child entity has reasons to believe that the parent may consider disclosure to be detrimental; (iv) the child entity has sought to consult the parent entity of the reporting of the parent information to the GLEIS but could not confirm the absence of detriment in a way that can appropriately prevent liability risks for the child entity (or those acting on its behalf) under the applicable legal

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framework.</xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:enumeration>
            <xs:enumeration value="DISCLOSURE DETRIMENTAL">
                <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation> The disclosure of this information
would be detrimental to
                        the legal entity or the relevant parent. This will
include reasons generally
                        accepted by public authorities in similar
circumstances, based on a
                        declaration by the entity. </xs:documentation>
                </xs:annotation>
            </xs:enumeration>
        </xs:restriction>
    </xs:simpleType>
    <xs:simpleType name="Tokenized500Type">
        <xs:annotation>
            <xs:documentation>An element of this type has minimum length of
one character and may
                not contain any of: the carriage return (#xD), line feed
(#xA) nor tab (#x9)
                characters, shall not begin or end with a space (#x20)
character, or a sequence of
                two or more adjacent space characters.</xs:documentation>
        </xs:annotation>
        <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
            <xs:maxLength value="500"/>
            <xs:minLength value="1"/>
            <xs:pattern value="\S+( \S+) *"/>
        </xs:restriction>
    </xs:simpleType>
    <xs:simpleType name="LEIDateTimeProfile">
        <xs:restriction base="xs:dateTime">
            <xs:annotation>
                <xs:documentation>
                    <111>
                        Elements of base data type
<code>repex:LEIDateTimeProfile</code> use
                            this datatype to further restrict the ISO 8601
range of date and time
                            format to the single format:
                                <br/><br/>strong>YYYY-MM-
DDThh:mm:ss.sssTZ</strong><br/>
                            <br/> where the components of the above string
are as follows: 
                                YYYY is the year
                                MM is the month (01 = January, \hat{a}\Box \hat{S}, 12
= December) 
                                DD is the day of the month (01 = first)
day of the month) 
                                T is the single character \hat{a} \square T \hat{a} \square \langle / I \rangle
                                hh is the hour (00 \hat{a} 23)
                                >mm is the minute
```

ss.sss is the second and milliseconds. Two digits must be used for the seconds. From one to three digits may be used for milliseconds, or omitted entirely along with the decimal point. TZ is the time zone specifier, which can be one of: <111> Z the single character  $\hat{a}$  Z $\hat{a}$ , denoting Coordinated Universal Time (UTC); or +hh:mm denoting a positive offset from UTC; or -hh:mm denoting a negative offset from UTC This pattern therefore adds the restrictions, beyond the ISO 8601 specification: Only the specified pattern of digits, indicators and separators may be used (no spaces or other white space characters). The time zone (TZ) MUST be present, although it <strong>may</strong> be zero (Z) <strong>if</strong> all dates and times are expressed as UTC+00:00. Only 3 decimal places maximum are allowed in the seconds section (ss.sss). </xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> <xs:pattern value="([^\.]\*|([^\.]\*(\.((\d){1,3})){0,1}))(Z|\+([01][0-9] |2[0-3]):([0-5][0-9]) |-([01][0-9]|2[0-3]):([0-5][0-9]))" /> </xs:restriction> </xs:simpleType> <!-- NextVersion datatypes in analogy to LEI-CDF V1.0 --> <xs:complexType name="ReportingExceptionsContainerNextVersionType"> <xs:sequence> <xs:any minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"</pre> processContents="lax" namespace="##targetNamespace"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> <xs:complexType name="ReportingExceptionNextVersionType"> <xs:sequence> <xs:any minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"</pre> processContents="lax"

</xs:schema>